JAMSHEDPUR WOMEN’S COLLEGE

DEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH

MA (Final), Semester – 4

Paper – CC 410

Classical Literary Criticism

Model Question Paper - 2

FM: 70

Time: 2 hrs

Objective Type Questions: (10 X 1 = 10)

1. Aristotle proposes to discuss poetry, which he defines as a means of *mimesis,* or imitation, by means of language, rhythm, and harmony.
2. True
3. False
4. Which word is used by Aristotle to means “purification or purgation of emotions”?
5. Hamartia
6. Ethos
7. Dianoia
8. Catharsis
9. According to Longinus, Homer’s *The Illiad* is superior to *The Odyssey* in terms of sublimity.
10. True
11. False
12. ‘Rasa’ means:
13. Juice, essence or taste
14. Summary
15. Synthetic
16. None of these
17. Kavya is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ word.
18. Urdu
19. Hindi
20. Persian
21. Sanskrit
22. There are nine rasas.
23. True
24. False
25. Who is a Greek philosopher?
26. Longinus
27. Aristotle
28. Both
29. None of them
30. Cassius Longinus wrote ‘*On the Sublime*’.
31. True
32. False
33. Plato was the teacher of:
34. Horace
35. Virgil
36. Homer
37. Aristotle
38. Aristotle was a renowned ancient \_\_\_\_\_.
39. Dramatist
40. Poet
41. Philosopher
42. Statesman

Very Short Questions. Answer in 1 or 2 words.(5 X 2 = 10)

1. What is the Greek word used by Aristotle for ‘plot’?
2. Word ‘Rasa’ is derived from which word?
3. Which Sanskrit word means ‘bursting, opening spirit’?
4. Name the Greek word used by Aristotle which means “release of built up emotional energy.”
5. Name the essay of Longinus prescribed in your syllabus.

Short Questions. Answer in about 100 -150 words (10 x 5 = 50)

1. Write a short note on Sublimity.
2. Write a short note on Sphota theory.
3. Write a short note on Apoha theory.
4. Name the five principle sources of sublimity.
5. What is ‘Rasa’?
6. Name the nine rasas.
7. What is the function of Kavya?
8. Write a short note on Longinus’ views on ‘appropriate use of figures of speech’.
9. Write a short note on limitations of Longinus’ essay.
10. Write a short note on Aristotle’s ‘theory of Imitation’.